Youth Marijuana Use, Violence and Other Trends

Shelly Mowrey

Demand Reduction Coordinator

AZ HIDTA





#### 85% Top Five Drug Threat

• 50% 3<sup>rd</sup> or 4<sup>th</sup> Greatest Drug Threat

THC infused vape cartridges are highly available throughout the state, as reported by 59%

of HIDTA Initiatives, up from 38% last year.

#### Violence

#### Violent Crime

20% of Survey respondents reported illicit marijuana as one of the top violent crime threats

87% listed vape cartridges and illicit marijuana as the most common drug for underage users.



**Watch Now** 

**NEWS** > CENTRAL & SOUTHERN ARIZONA NEWS



onate Now thru June 30

#### PCSO: San Tan Valley teen boy killed over alleged marijuana vape sale gone bad



Donate to the ABC15
Water Drive benefiting

St. Vincent de Paul!



By: abc15.com staff

Posted at 1:38 PM, Oct 25, 2021 and last updated 9:07 AM, Oct 26, 2021

SAN TAN VALLEY, AZ — Officials say the 15-year-old boy who was found dead at a San Tan Valley home in September was killed over an alleged marijuana vape sale gone bad.

The Pinal County Sheriff's Office said on September 26. deputies

esponded to a home near Hunt Highway and Bella Vista Road for reports

Joshua McCov. 15: was found dead at the front door of a home in the area.





#### Drugs, possible retaliation motive of deadly shooting at Tempe IKEA parking lot





JustFashionNow FREE SHIPPING

Gers that they were meeting McCrimmon to buy marijuana from him.

By Jessica Goodi

Published: Mar. 22, 22 at N. JAM MST | Updated: Mar. 22, 2022 at 12:38 PM MST

**⊕** ≥ ≥ 0 E

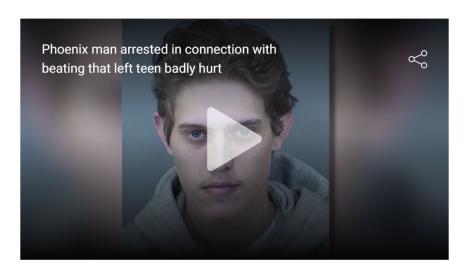
TEMPE, AZ (3TV/CBS 5) - Two men are in jail after police say they shot and killed a man during a drug sale in the Tempe Ikea parking lot on Monday.

"I grew up here in Tempe; I had several family members and friends sending text messages and calling about this incident. It affects a lot of people in our community," Detective Natalie Barela with the Tempe Police Department said. "This was an isolated, targeted incident with these individuals," she continued.

Witnesses report seeing two men fighting with 21-year-old Chris McCrimmon before the shooting, detectives say in court records. After hearing gunshots, witnesses saw the two men get into a Ford Expedition and leave the area. Officers from various other police departments found the SUV 30 miles to the south of Tempe in the City of Maricopa. Police were able to stop the SUV and took the passenger, later identified as 18-year-old Isaiah Williams, and the driver, Saif Woods, into custody.

## Arizona man arrested after teen was beaten and left badly wounded during marijuana deal, police say

By Kenneth Wong | Published January 30, 2023 | Updated 9:15PM | Crime and Public Safety | FOX 10 Phoenix |



Phoenix man arrested in connection with beating that left teen badly hurt

The suspect, identified as 19-year-old Hudson Calixto, is accused of beating a 16-year-old boy during a marijuana deal in the West Valley.

**PEORIA**, **Ariz**. - A Phoenix man is arrested in connection with a beating in Peoria that left a teenager badly injured, according to officials with the Peoria Police Department.

#### Other Youth Investigations

Teens as young as 15 involved in violence

Shootings happening during sales/transactions

Shootings occur in parks at homes and in residential areas

Social media used in cases to set up sales



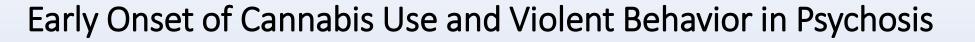
## Early Onset of Cannabis Use and Violent Behavior in Psychosis

Moulin V et al. . European Psychiatry. 2020; 63(1): e78, 1-8

www.thenmi.org



 Data were collected prospectively over a 36-month period in the context of an early psychosis cohort study. A total of 265 patients, aged 18–35 years, were included in the study. Logistic regression was performed to assess the link between age of onset of substance use and VB. Results: Among the 265 patients, 72 had displayed VB and 193 had not. While violent patients began using cannabis on average at age 15.29 (0.45), nonviolent patients had started on average at age 16.97 (0.35) (p = 0.004). Early-onset CU (up to age 15) was a risk factor for VB (odds ratio = 4.47, confidence interval [CI]: 1.13–20.06) when the model was adjusted for age group, other types of substance use, being a user or a nonuser and various violence risk factors and covariates. History of violence and early CU (until 15) were the two main risk factors for VB. Conclusions: Our results suggest that earlyonset CU may play a role in the emergence of VB in early psychosis.





- Data collected prospectively over 36-month period
  - Context of early psychosis cohort study
  - 265 patients: 18–35 years old
- Logistic regression performed to assess link between age of onset of substance use & VB
- Results of 265 patients: 72 displayed VB/193 had not
- Violent patients began using cannabis average age: 15.29 years (0.45)
- Nonviolent patients started on avg age 16.97 years (0.35) (p = 0.004)
- Early-onset CU (up to age 15) was risk factor for VB: Odds Ratio = 4.47 CI: 1.13–20.06
  - adjusted for age group, other types of substance use, being user or nonuser & various violence risk factors & covariates
- History of violence & early CU (until 15) were the two main risk factors for VB
- Conclusions: Results suggest early-onset CU may play a role in emergence of VB in early psychosis

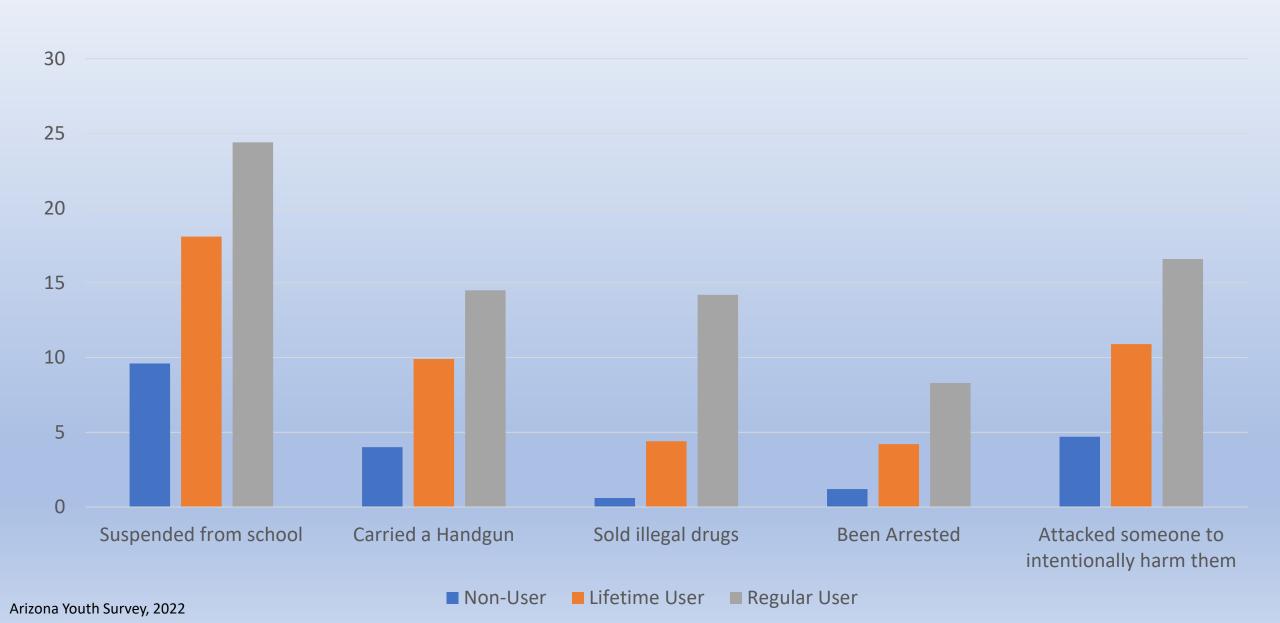
CU: Cannabis Use VB: Violent Behavior

#### THC Product Potency

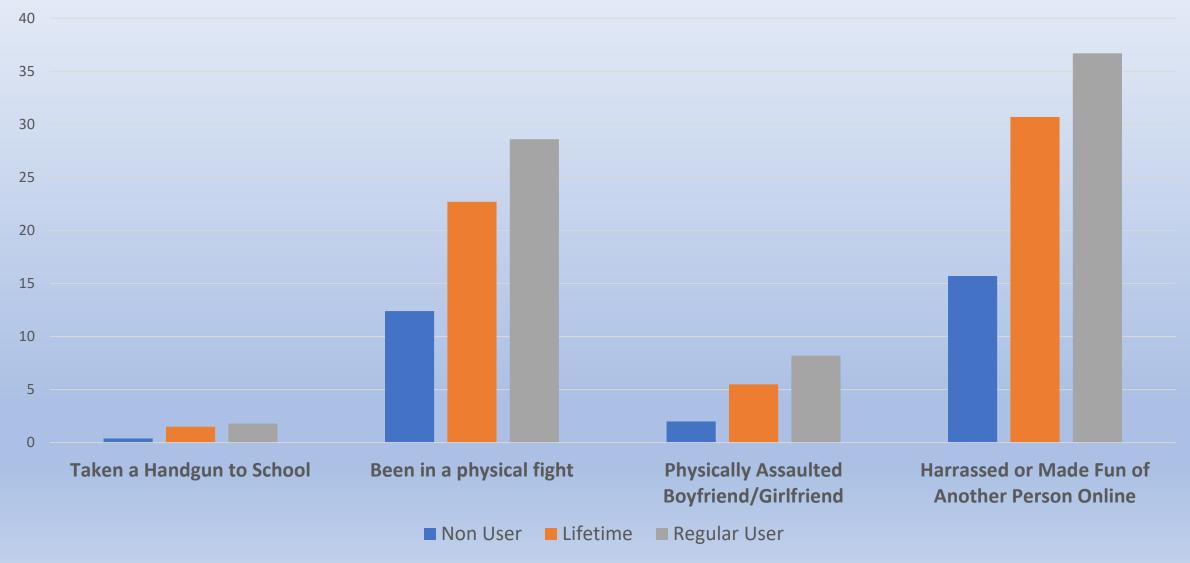
Source: Ten Dispensaries in Phoenix and Tucson, as of April 25-26, 2022

Table 2 - Adult Use THC Product Potency: Marijuana Dispensaries							
Product	THC POTENCY*						
Product	Sativa Strain	Indica Strain	Hybrid Strain				
Marijuana Flower	11%-27%	10%-30%	7%-28%				
Pre-Rolled Marijuana Joints	11%-45%	11%-46%	9%-47%				
Concentrates	48%-92%	34%-94%	7%-95%				
Edibles	9mg-500mg	5mg-335mg	0.45mg-1,000mg				
Vaporizers	2%-99%	3%-99%	3%-99%				
*THC percentages were rounded to the nearest whole number.							

#### Arizona Youth and Risky Behavior



#### Arizona Youth and Risky Behavior



#### Other findings

- 1 out of 5 8th grade regular marijuana users were picked on or bullied
   4+ in the past year vs. 1 out of 10 for non-users
- Regular Marijuana users in 8<sup>th</sup> grade more likely to pick on or bully someone else 4+ times a year than non-users (12.7% vs. 2.9%)
- 18% of non-users said their brothers or sisters ever smoked marijuana compared with 68.8% of regular users
- 40% of non-users said they would be arrested if caught smoking marijuana vs. 15% of regular users
- 22.8% of regular users received mostly D's and F's versus 14.5% of non-users

#### Other findings

В	С	D	E	F	G
2022 Arizona	Youth Surve	ey Results			
Note: If a student did not report a zip code	e, the most comi	mon zip code at i	their school was	used	
Grade	8th	10th	12th	Total	
Sample Size	1,155	1,766	1,872	4,793	
Percentage of Students Who Reported Bel	havior During	the Past 30 D	Days		
Marijuana	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Marijuana Concentrates	67.2%	69.7%	70.8%	69.5%	
Marijuana Buds/Flowers	52.5%	56.7%	63.6%	58.3%	
Marijuana-Infused Foods or Drinks	48.0%	37.8%	38.6%	40.7%	
Are you currently in a gang	5.5%	2.0%	2.2%	2.9%	
Percentage of Students Who Reported Bel	havior in Life	time			
Marijuana	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
Marijuana Concentrates	84.7%	87.4%	88.7%	87.3%	
Marijuana Buds/Flowers	73.8%	79.3%	85.3%	80.2%	
Marijuana-Infused Foods or Drinks	76.2%	77.7%	82.9%	79.3%	
Have you ever used marijuana flowers on school grounds	21.6%	17.6%	16.8%	18.3%	
Have you ever used marijuana concentrates on school grounds	52.7%	54.1%	47.8%	51.3%	
Have you ever belonged to a gang	11.8%	5.6%	4.4%	6.7%	
Notes:					
1) The variable "All Prescription Drugs" refer	s to prescript	ion pain reliev	ers, prescript	ion sedatives,	
and prescription stimulants.		-			
2) Data are not mutually exclusive; students	were able to	indicate use o	of multiple dr	ugs.	
3) Data excludes participants who chose the	fake drug "Pl	nenoxydine."	•	_	
** Data unavailable due to small sample siz		-			

### Health Consequences

Table 17. Leading Risk Factors of Child Abuse/Neglect Deaths, Ages 0-17 Years, Arizona, 2021

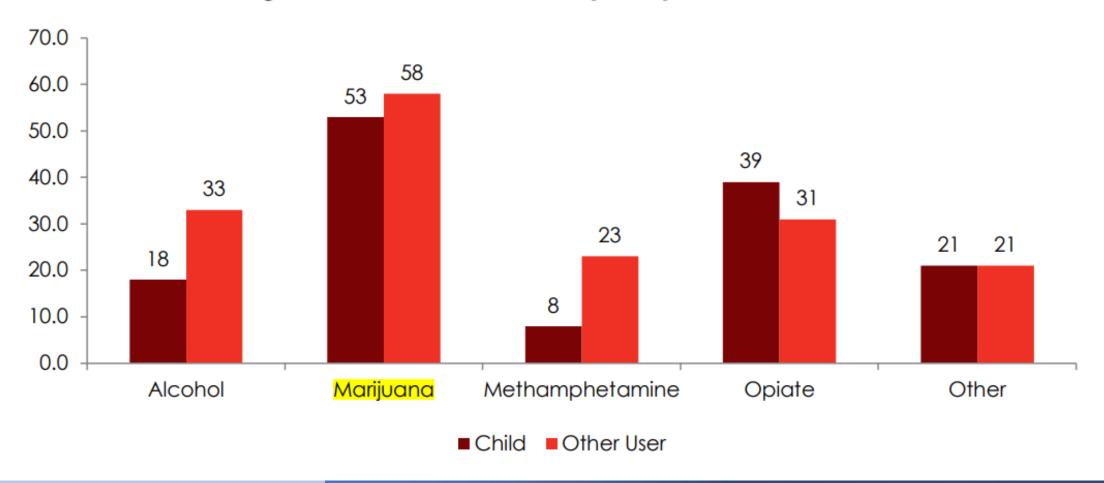
Risk Factors*	Number	Percent		
Substance Use	76	59%		
Poverty	69	54%		
CPS History with Family	59	46%		
Lack of Supervision	38	30%		
Child's History of Trauma	29	23%		
Parental History of Intimate Partner Violence	25	20%		
Housing Insecurity	18	14%		
Family Dysfunction/Recent Divorce	13	10%		
Open CPS Case at the Time of Death	13	10%		
Child's Chronic Disability/Illness	10	8%		
Access to Firearm	9	7%		
*More than one risk factor may have been identified in each death.				

Of the 59% of abuse/neglect deaths that involved substance use, marijuana was the most identified substance contributing to 31% of child abuse/neglect deaths followed by opiates in 23% of child abuse/neglect deaths (Table 18).

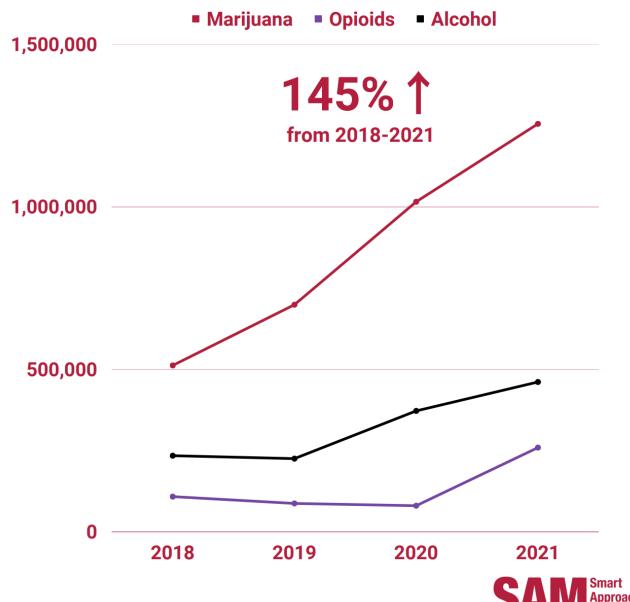
Table 18. Substance Type Identified in Child Abuse/Neglect Deaths, Ages 0-17 Years, Arizona, 2021

Substance Type*	Number	Percent			
Marijuana	40	31%			
Opiates	29	23%			
Alcohol	20	16%			
Methamphetamine	19	15%			
Other	13	10%			
*More than one substance may have contributed to the death.					

Figure 74. Number of Substances Identified as Causing or Contributing to Child Deaths, by the Child or Other User, Ages 0-17 Years, Arizona, 2021 (n=176)



# Exponential rise in Cannabis Use Disorder among 12-17 year olds





Compared with non-users, adolescents (12-17) who used marijuana but did not meet the criteria for Cannabis Use Disorder had:

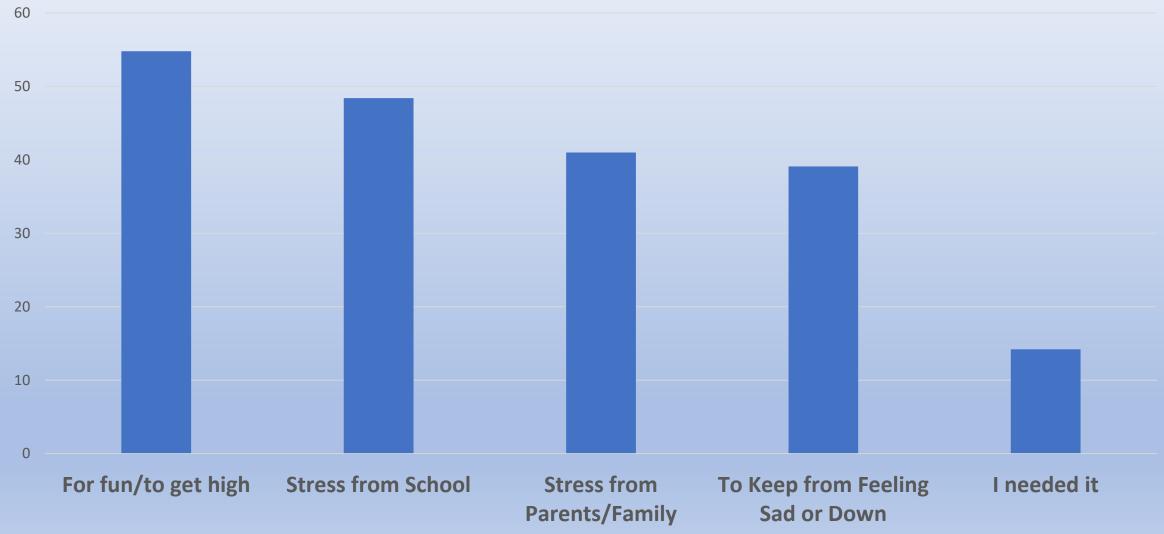
2-4X

greater odds of adverse psychosocial events, including major depression, suicidal ideation, slower thoughts, difficulty concentrating, truancy, low grade point average, arrest, fighting, and aggression.

https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamanetworkopen/fullarticle/2804450?



#### Why Using?

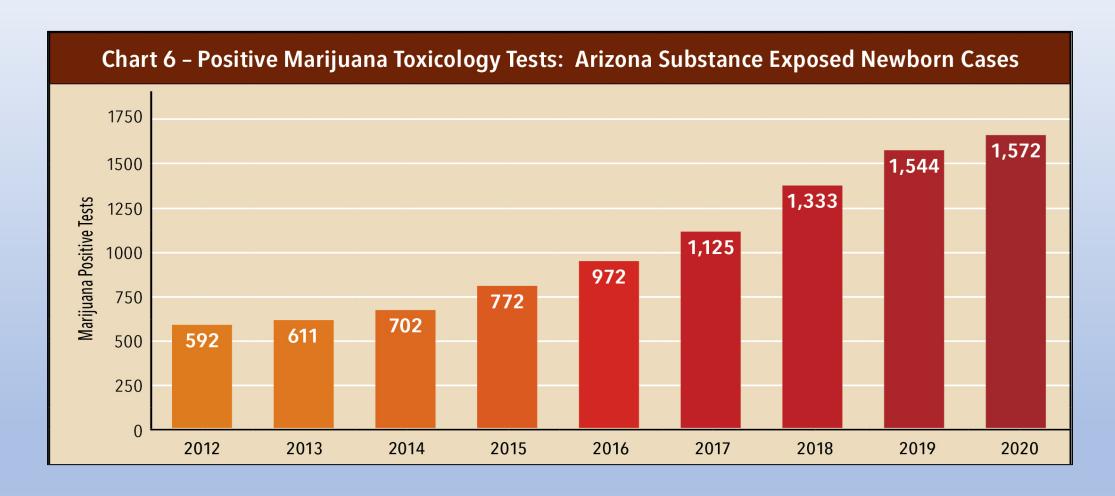


### Percentage of Sources for Marijuana: Recent User 30-Day

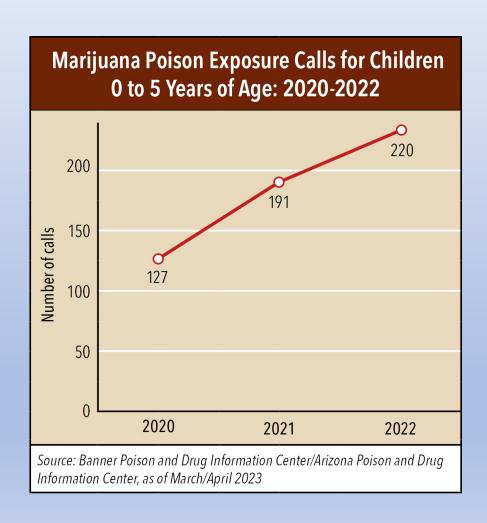
- Friends 57.5%
- Drug Dealer 25.7%
- Family/Relatives 21.9%
- Other 24%
- Parties 20.5%
- School 19.8%
- Dispensary AZ 16.8%

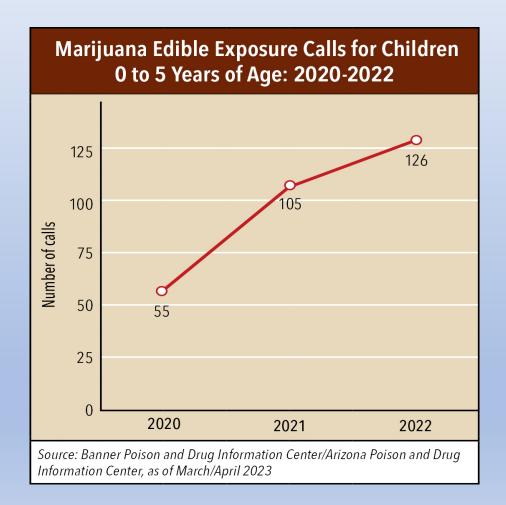
- Someone with a Medical Marijuana Card 15.4%
- Home 12.5%
- Over the Internet 7.7%
- Dispensary Outside AZ 4.6%

#### Public Health: Substance Exposed Newborns Program



#### Marijuana Poison Exposure Calls





#### Considerations for the Group

Study the possible link between Arizona youth marijuana use, violence and health outcomes. If possible, detail concentrate use vs. flower vs. edibles.

Discuss if there should be limits on THC in marijuana products

Enforce ID policies and strictly enforce 21+ only on sales of marijuana

Educate parents and youth on marijuana risks and harms as well as properly storing marijuana and not supplying/providing marijuana to those under 21.

Ban advertising on marijuana related products

