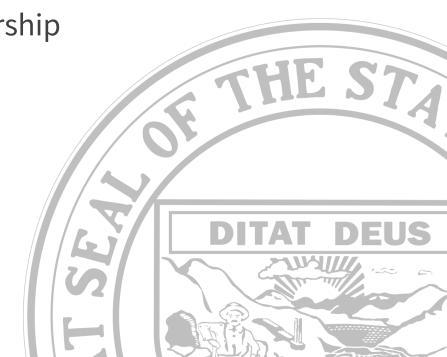
Arizona Substance Abuse Partnership

Tuesday, February 26, 2019

State Capitol Executive Tower 2nd Floor Conference Room





Arizona's Opioid Epidemic: Data Update

February 26, 2019

Sheila Sjolander, MSW Assistant Director



Opioid Surveillance

June 15, 2017- February 21, 2019

2,426 suspect opioid deaths

15,772

suspect opioid overdoses 1,263

neonatal abstinence syndrome 39,555

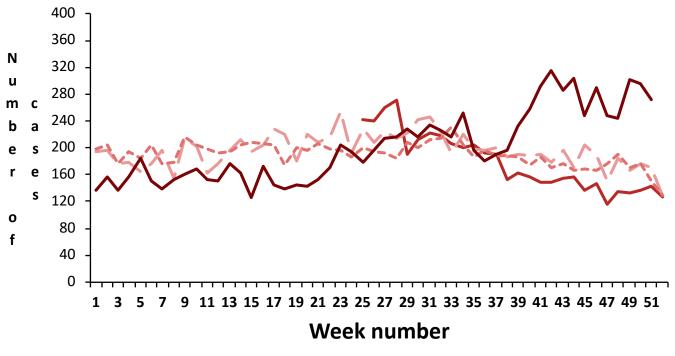
naloxone doses dispensed 11,285

naloxone doses administered

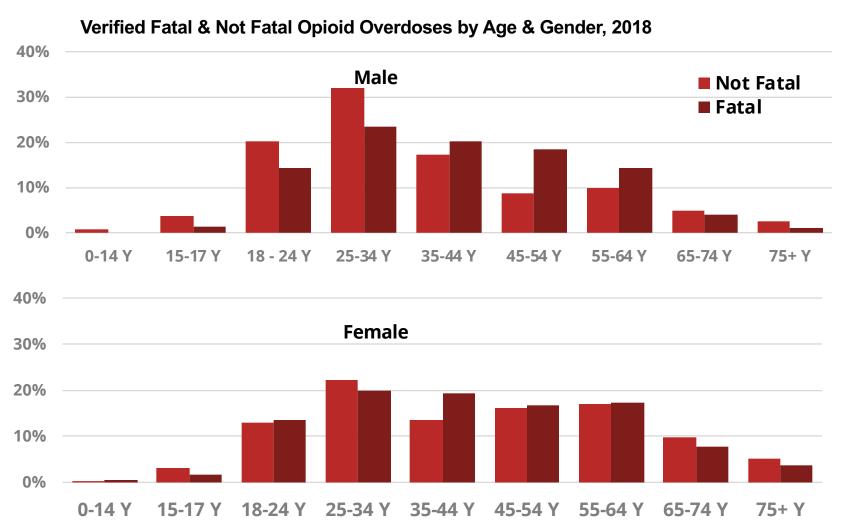
Updates posted at www.azhealth.gov/opioid

Comparison of Reported Suspect Opioid Overdoses and Hospital Discharges for Opioid Overdoses by Week: 2016 - 2018

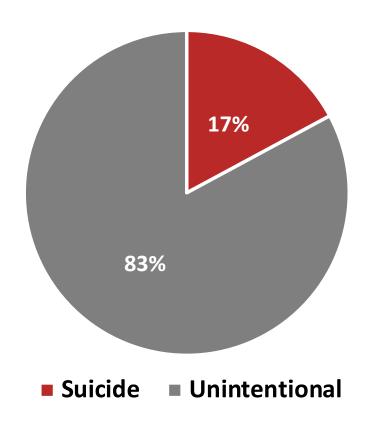
Reported overdoses increased after August 2018



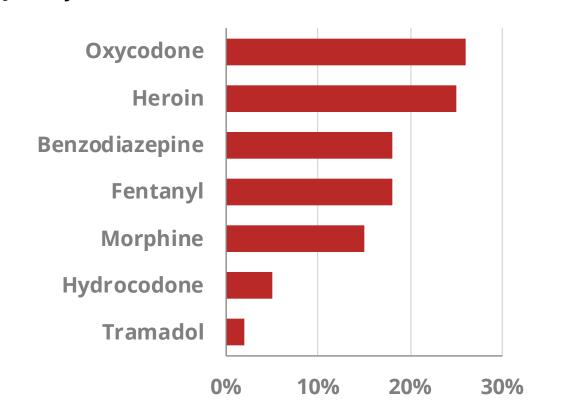
--- 2017 Surveillance --- 2016 HDD Primary diagnosis --- 2018 Surveillance



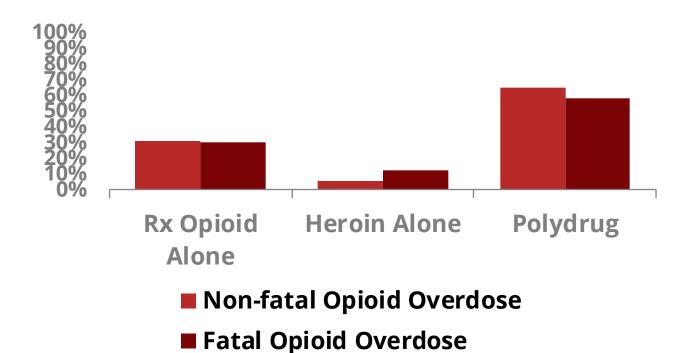
83% of verified opioid overdoses were unintentional in 2018



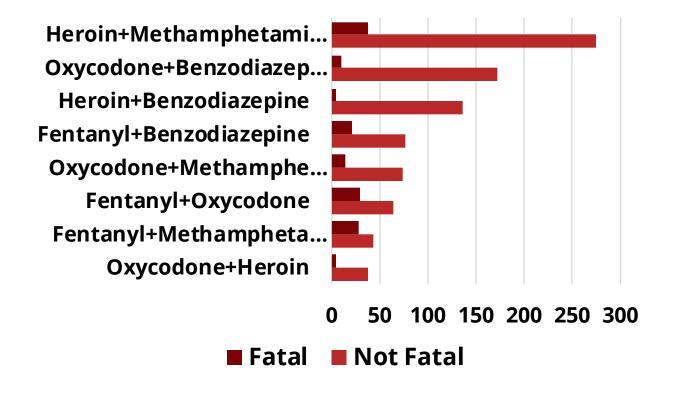
Oxycodone and heroin were the opiate drugs most commonly noted to be involved in verified opioid overdoses January 1, 2018 – December 31, 2018.



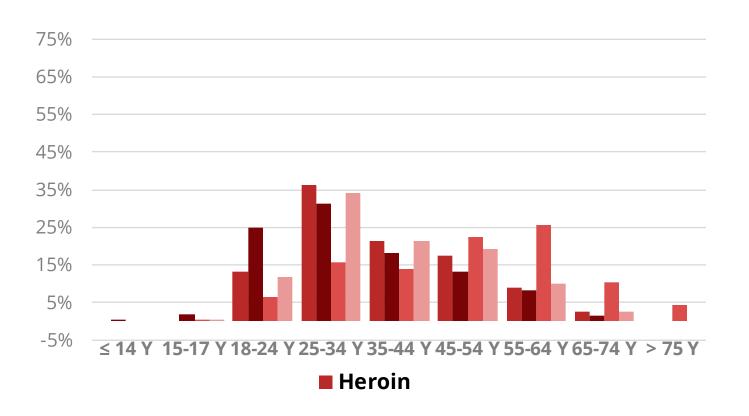
58% of verified *fatal* opioid overdoses and 65% of *non-fatal* opioid overdoses involved polydrug use of at least one opioid and at least one other type of drug in 2018



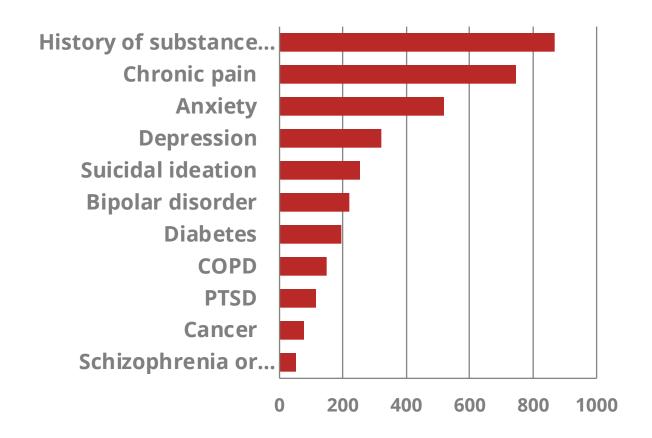
Among the verified opioid overdoses with multiple drugs identified, the most common drug combination in fatal & non-fatal overdoses was heroin & methamphetamine in 2018.



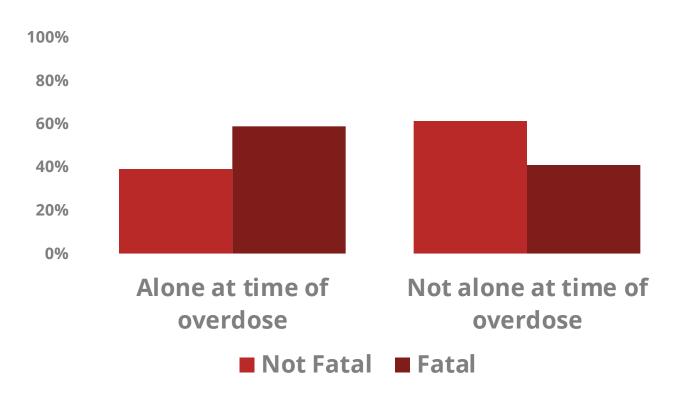
The most fatal overdoses due to heroin, fentanyl, & polysubstance were reported in 25 – 34 year olds. The most fatal overdoses due to prescription opioids only were reported in 45 – 75 year olds during review June 15,2017- January 3, 2019.



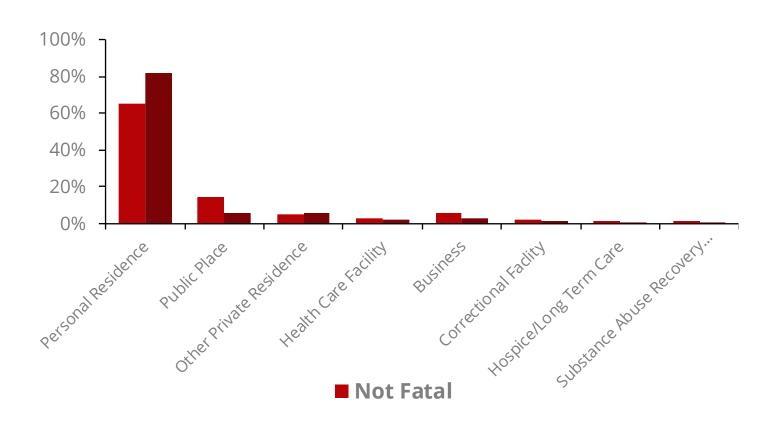
History of substance use disorder and chronic pain were the most common pre-existing conditions for verified opioid overdoses during 2018.



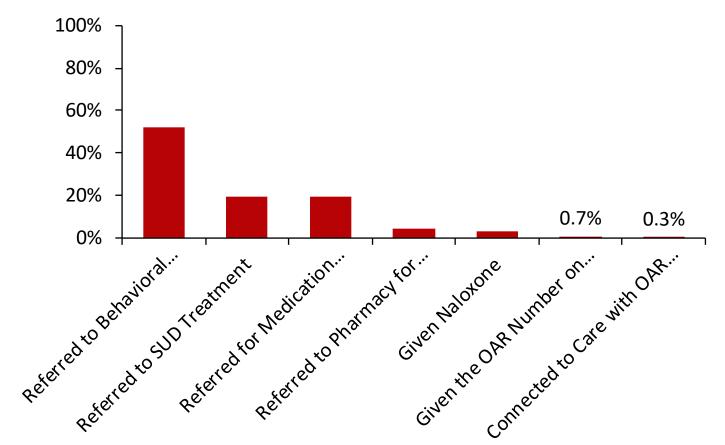
From June 15,2017- January 3, 2019, more people who were alone at the time they overdosed had a fatal overdose.



During review June 15,2017- January 3, 2019, the majority of people who overdosed did it in their personal residence



For those that survived their overdose, discharge recommendations & referrals varied during review June 15,2017- January 3, 2018.



Indicators of Progress

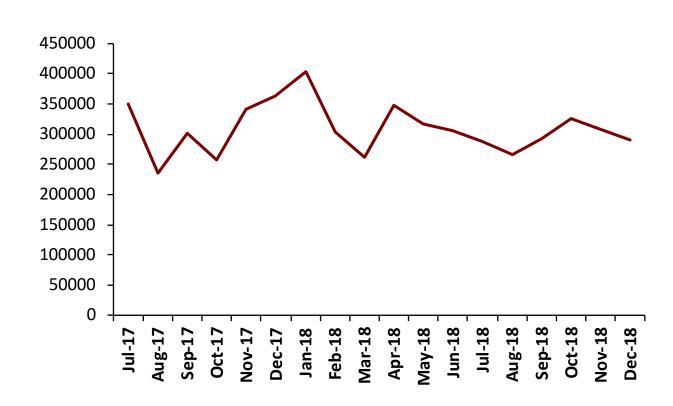
Naloxone Distribution

ADHS has distributed 9400 kits of naloxone to law enforcement agencies.

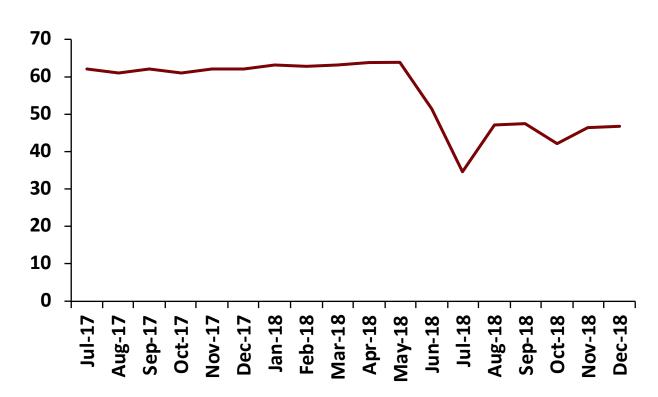
Law enforcement officers have administered naloxone to **1,089** people since June 2017; **97% survived** the immediate pre-hospital event.

NALOXONE REQUEST FORM				
ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES	Law enforcement agencies whose staff have completed opioid overdose recognition and treatment training consistent with ADHS or AZ-POST standards are eligible for free naloxone.			
AGENCY INFORMATION	Agency Name:			
	Agency SHIPPING address:			
	Agency Director Name:			
	Contact Email:			
	Agency Size:			
TRAINING INFORMATION	Training Date(s):			
	Trainer Name(s):			
	Number of staff Trained:			
NALOXONE REQUESTED	Description: Narcan Nasal Spray 2/pack	Quantity Requested:		
AGENCY DIRECTOR SIGNATURE		DATE:		
	it completed application multiple way opioid@azdhs.gov	s:		
	02-364-1494 Attn: Naloxone Distribu	tion, Office of Injury Prevention		
	DHS Office of Injury Prevention aloxone Distribution Program 60 N. 18 th Ave., Suite 320 noenix, AZ 85007			

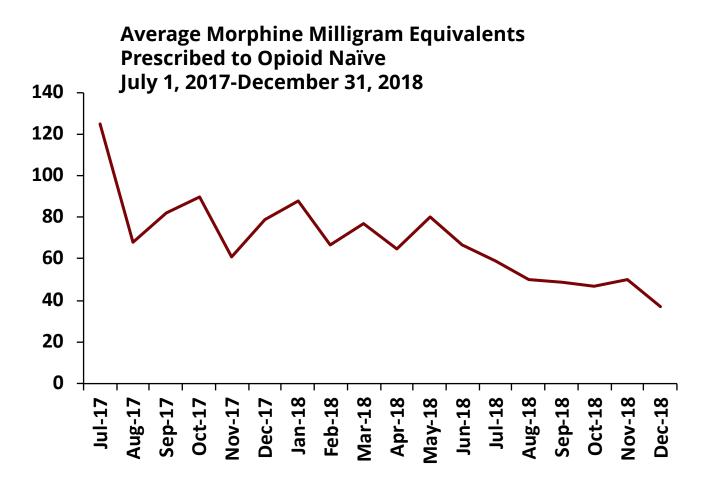
Number of Opioid Prescriptions Filled July 1, 2017 - December 31, 2018



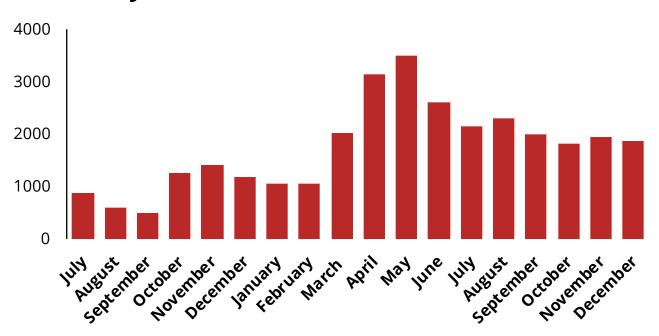
Average Morphine Milligram Equivalent Prescribed July 1, 2017 -December 31, 2018



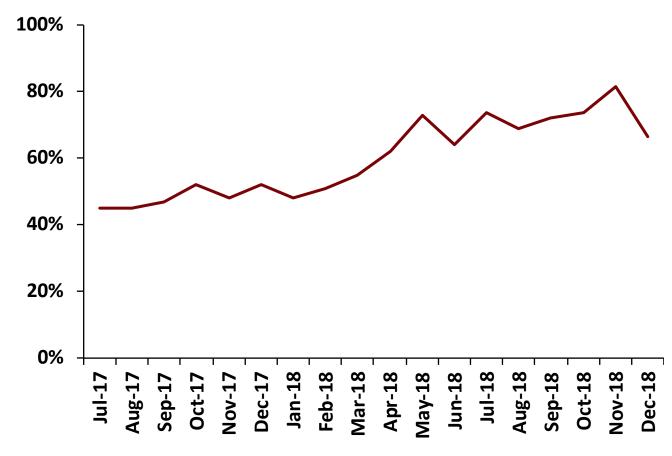
Number of Patients who were Opioid Naive Prescribed Opioids for 5 or More Days July 1, 2017 - December 31, 2018 2500 2000 **1500** 1000 500 0 Mar-18 Jan-18 Feb-18 Apr-18 **May-18** Jun-18 Jul-18 **Aug-18** Sep-18 **Nov-17 Dec-17** Oct-17



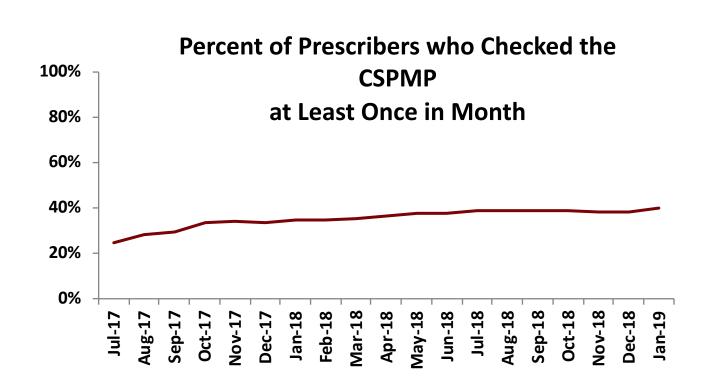
The number of naloxone doses dispensed by pharmacists peaked in May 2018



Referrals to Behavioral Health or Substance Use Disorder Treatment After Overdose July 1, 2017-December 31, 2018



CHECKING THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES PRESCRIPTION MONITORING PROGRAM

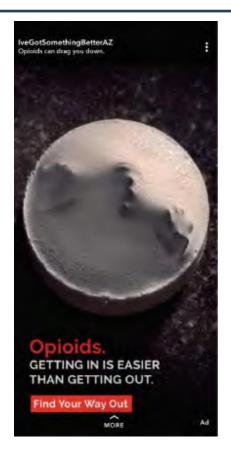


REDUCING OPIOID DEATHS

WE KNOW THIS FIGHT IS FAR FROM OVER

AZ Drug Overdose Death Rates

Year	Rate	Ranking in U.S.
2013	18.7	10th highest
2014	18.2	14 th
2015	19.0	18 th
2016	20.3	25 th
2017	22.2	24 th



For more information

azhealth.gov/opioid

Questions/Comments: azopioid@azdhs.gov



Update on STR, SOR and SUDs

Strategies to Combat the Opioid Epidemic



Opioid State Targeted Response

- MAT education and outreach
- Increase peer support services
- MAT COEs for 24/7 access to care; med units; new OTPs
- Hospital and ED discharge projects
- Diversion and incarceration alternatives
- Early ID and connection for re-entry population
- Prescriber education
- Public awareness campaign
- Support for the OAR line
- PPW projects
- Street-based outreach
- Community TIP development



State Opioid Response

- Sustaining and Enhancing Naloxone Distribution
- 2. Increasing Localized Community Opioid Prevention Efforts
- 3. Expanding Trauma-Informed Care Prevention, Treatment and Recovery Efforts
- 4. Expanding Navigation and Access to MAT
- 5. Expanding access to recovery support services (i.e. housing, peer supports, job assistance and supportive recovery programming) and
- 6. Increasing public access to real-time prevention, treatment and recovery resources to create a real "no-wrong door" approach
- 7. Major focus on populations with disparities
- 8. Expanding prescriber training and public awareness campaigns



Total Number of Persons Served (Unduplicated Count), Arizona Opioid State Targeted Response (STR) Grant Year One, May 1, 2017 – April 30, 2018

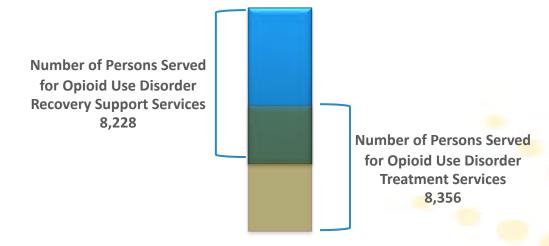
Number of Persons Served for Opioid Use Disorder Recovery Support Services 3,379

Number of Persons Served for Opioid Use Disorder Treatment Services 4,362





Total Number of Persons Served (Unduplicated Count), Arizona Opioid State Targeted Response (STR) Grant Year Two, May 1, 2018 – January 31, 2019

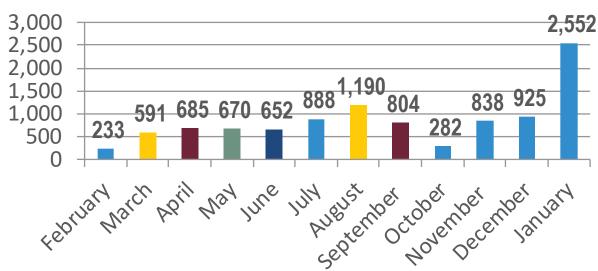






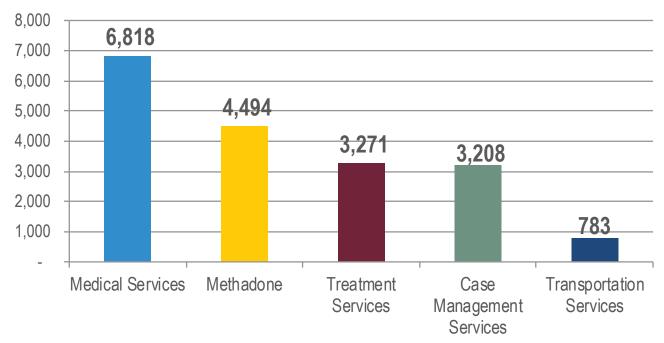
Number of Individuals Served, Governor's Substance Use Disorder Services (GO SUDS) Fund, February 1, 2018 – January 31, 2019

10,310
TOTAL PERSONS SERVED





Top 5 Services, GO SUDS Fund, February 1, 2018 – January 31, 2019





Sonoran Prevention Works Community Distribution, January 1, 2017 – January 31, 2019

Number of Naloxone Kits				
Number of kits to Law Enforcement	710			
Number of kits to all others	89,037			
Total Number of Kits Distributed		89,747		
Total Number of Reversals		6,320		





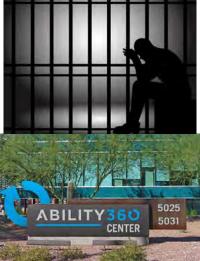
So, Now What?



Priority Populations











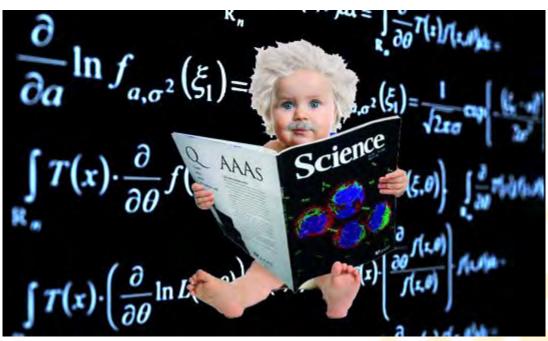






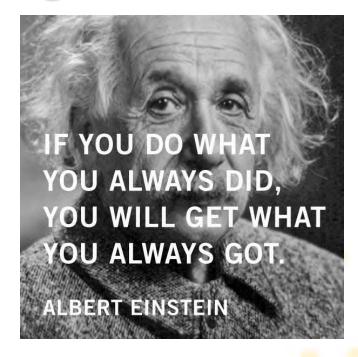
Reaching across Arizona to provide comprehensive quality health care for those in need

Use What Works!





Try Something New!





Six 24/7 Centers of Excellence

- Southwest Behavioral Health Services, Kingman Recovery and Observation Unit 1301 W. Beale Street, Kingman, AZ 86401, 928-263-6515
- West Yavapai Guidance Clinic, Crisis Stabilization Unit 8655 E. Eastridge Drive, Prescott Valley, AZ 86314, 928-445-5211
- Community Medical Services 2301 W. Northern Avenue, Phoenix, AZ 85021, 602-866-9378
- Community Bridges, East Valley Addiction Recovery Center 560 S. Bellview, Mesa, AZ 85204, 480-461-1711
- CODAC Health, Recovery and Wellness 380 E. Ft. Lowell Road, Tucson, AZ 85705, 520-202-1786
- Intensive Treatment Systems, 4136 N. 75th Ave #116, Phoenix, AZ 85033, 623-247-1234

Medication Units and OTPs

Casa Grande and Safford are open

 Coming Soon: Sierra Vista (MU), Lake Havasu (MU), Nogales (MU), Kingman (OTP), Show Low (OTP), San Tan Valley (OTP), Yuma (OTP), Buckeye (Satellite); expanded hours in existing OTPs

Others opening outside of STR and SOR





Thank You

Shana.Malone@azahcccs.gov

Arizona Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome Action Plan Preventing NAS Learning Lab

A project of the National Governor's Association (NGA)

The Arizona Substance Abuse Partnership Meeting

Governor's Office of Youth, Faith and Family February 26, 2019







NGA Core Team Members

Team Members

- Brandy Madrid, RN, BSN, MCH/EPSDT Coordinator, Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS)
- Sara Rumann, MA, Health Start and Pregnancy Wellness Manager, Bureau of Women's and Children's Health, Arizona Department of Health Services (ADHS)
- Susan Smith, M.Ed., Prevention Administrator, Arizona Department of Child Safety (DCS)
- Sam Burba, Director of Substance Abuse Initiatives, Governor's Office of Youth, Faith, and Family
- Ronda Siefert, RN, BSN, IBCLC, MCH/EPSDT Coordinator, Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS)
- **Dan Greenleaf**, MA, Grants Manager, Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS)
- Dawna Allington, Former Program Administrator, Governor's Office of Youth, Faith, and Family

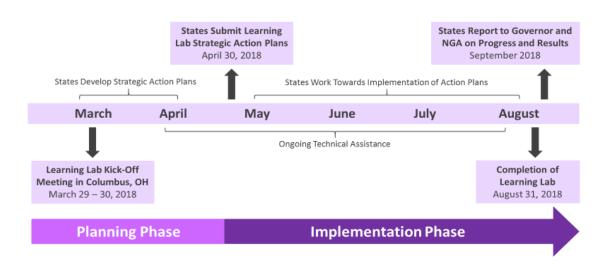
Current Landscape

Data Overview

- Incidence of NAS cases increased by 31% from 2015 to 2016
- Maternal opioid use was identified in 7% of 86,228 hospital births in 2016
- 846 Arizona babies were been born with possible drug-related withdrawal symptoms in SFY18*
- 395 Arizona babies have been born with possible drug-related withdrawal symptoms in SFY19*
- DCS had over 4,300 reports of SEN in FY18

^{*} NAS Surveillance MEDIS System

Learning Lab Timeline: March 2018 – August 2018



Framing the Call to Action: Arizona Project Vision Statement

Establish a coordinated approach to increase awareness and improve outcomes for families impacted by opioid use and substance use during pregnancy.

May 30, 2018 Planning Meeting Objectives

- Provide Opioid and NAS Update
- Review and Obtain Feedback on 3 Year Draft
- Plan Vision and Goals
- Identify Additional Action Steps
- Establish a Timeline for Next Steps

May 30, 2018 Planning Meeting Challenges

- Challenges Identified
 - Lack of training specific to the treatment of pregnant women with OUD/SUD
 - Provider reluctance to identify, treat and/or refer pregnant women who have an OUD/SUD
 - Inconsistent identification of substance exposed infants at hospitals
 - Lack of collaboration among medical providers, MAT and behavioral health treatment providers and home visiting programs
 - Creating/expanding gender specific treatment services that address unique needs of women of reproductive age

Development of the Arizona NAS Action Plan

Arizona NAS Action Plan

Addressing Maternal Opioid Use Disorder to Prevent and Reduce the Effects of Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome (NAS): Preventing NAS Learning Lab

October 2018

(Final Draft: Approved 1/2/2019)







NAS Action Plan Goals Summary

- 1.Coordinate across state agencies to ensure buy-in and the most effective response.
- 2.Increase the knowledge base of healthcare providers regarding screening, diagnosis, and treatment of OUD and substance use in pregnant and postpartum women.
- 3.Increase the implementation of a family centered approach at all levels of care to screen women and link them to treatment and support services such as home visiting.

NAS Action Plan Key Performance Metrics

Goals Summary

1. Coordinate across agencies to ensure buy-in and the most effective response.

Key Performance Metrics:

- 1. By October 2019, identify any additional SUD/OUD and MAT service providers by county and neonatal abstinence syndrome (NAS) resources that may be included on the www.substanceabuseaz.gov website.
- 2. Increase the knowledge base of healthcare providers and behavioral health providers regarding screening, diagnosis and treatment of OUD and substance use in pregnant and postpartum women.

Key Performance Metrics:

- 1. By June 2019, develop a series of training modules and/or webinars on SUD/OUD NAS for physicians, nurses, other healthcare providers, SUD treatment and MAT providers, home visitors, and county court judges.
- 2. By June 2019, ensure current and existing media campaigns include raising awareness and reducing stigma around SUD/OUD and women.
- 3. Increase implementation of a family centered approach at all levels of care to screen women and link them to treatment and support services such as home visiting.

Key Performance Metrics:

- 1. By June 2020, expand/increase temporary transitional housing resources for SUD/OUD pregnant women and women with children and include case management and wrap around services such as job training and transportation.
- 2. By June 2020, expand the use of Peer Support Specialists at SUD/OUD and MAT treatment sites including on-going training.

		Goal # 1: Co response.				
Action Steps		Timeline/Due Date	Agency/Point Person(s)	Needed Resources	Notes	Progress to Date
a.	Identify any additional SUD/OUD/ MAT providers by county that provide services for women of reproductive age including pregnant/postpartum women with children: Provide a list of service provider updates and/or stakeholder websites links to the GOYFF for consideration to be added to the Prevention Treatment and Recovery Locator website; Explore adding Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome resources and home visiting services links under the Resources tab of the Prevention Treatment and Recovery Locater website.	Date October 2019	Arizona Department of Health Services (ADHS) Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS) Arizona Department of Child Safety (DCS) Arizona Statewide Task Force on Preventing Prenatal Exposure to Alcohol and Other Drugs (Substance Exposed Newborn Prevention Task Force) Department of Education (DOE) Arizona Alliance for Community Health	The Governor's Office of Youth, Faith and Family (GOYFF) Treatment Locator is already in place. www.substanceabuseaz.go V No cost to put links on stakeholder websites to key websites including: www.azhealth.gov/opioid	GOYFF Treatment Locator in place. Stakeholders and Task Force to provide any updates and NAS information to be considered. Information would be shared with the Arizona Substance Abuse Partnership (ASAP) led by the Governor's Office of Youth, Faith	GOYFF to do updates to website; include an NAS TAB and Inventory of Providers; some resources on NAS Quarterly Substance Abuse Treatment Capacity Reporting is being conducted through a Treatment Availability Survey Initiated by ADHS which may provide additional provider resources.
			Centers) (AACHC)		and Family (GOYFF) as needed.	

	Goal # 2: Increa	se the knowledge base of	of healthcare provi	ders and behavioral	
	health provider	s regarding screening, d	iagnosis, and treat	ment of OUD/SUD in	
	pregnant and p				
Action Steps	Timeline/Due Date	Agency/Point Person(s)	Needed Resources	Notes	Progress
1. Develop a series of training modules and/or webinars as needed on the following: a)overview of Substance Use Disorder (SUD) and Opioid Use Disorder (OUD) and effects on women/infants; b) screening for SUD/OUD of women of reproductive age including motivational interviewing, stigma, ACEs, Trauma Informed Care; c) information on referral resources and home visiting programs; d) offer CME and /or Certificate of Completion to physicians, nurses other medica providers, SUD treatment and MAT providers, home visitors,	June 2019	AHCCCS GOYFF Arizona Department of Economic Security (DES) Courts ADHS	State Targeted Response Carry-Forward funds.	Training may be provided as a "train the trainer" model and provided in person. The training would be sustained via on-line webinar modules which may include enhancement of existing on-line training or development of new modules. Resource list for referrals needs to be developed and provided as part of training Need provider champions from ACOG/AAP and Arizona Perinatal Trust	State Targeted Response Carry- Forward funds to be utilized to develop NAS/SEN Trauma Informed Care training including An online course for home visitors. A Video Series will be developed to provide training for medical providers, ACE's, trauma informed care, MAT and to reduce stigma in caring for women and NAS babies,
county court judges 2. Promote universal screening of women of reproductive age, pregnant women at prenatal and well woman appointments	June 2020	AACHC – Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHC's) ADHS - Family Planning Services – Title V and Title X Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Certified Rural Health Clinics	NGA provided information on payment options for screening services.	Steward Health formally (HCIC) is receiving SBIRT funding to do screening and brief intervention training/implementation in Flagstaff at North Country and university health centers; using NIDA quick screen and the Opioid	Substance Abuse Service Expansion HRSA Grant administered by AACHC will provide SBIRT training

		Goal # 3: In levels of car services suc				
Action Steps		<u>Timeline/Due</u> Date	Agency/Point Person(s)	Needed Resources	<u>Notes</u>	<u>Progress</u>
1. a.	Develop Opioid Case Management System at all Health Plans to provide integrated perinatal care case management Pair MAT providers with OB/GYN Providers for referrals	June 2020	AHCCCS Behavioral Health Providers MAT Providers OB/GYN Providers	Funding is needed.	Implementation of AHCCCS Complete Plans will provide linkages to physical and behavioral health services.	Research on this is required since it is a complicated process.
b.	Explore use of universal ROI					
2. Explore and promote the implementation of the Banner Hospital System Family Centered NAS Care Program at most Arizona Banner birth hospitals with a Special Care Nursery or Neonatal Intensive Care Unit		December 2019	Arizona Banner Hospital System	Banner staff	Arizona Banner Hospitals that are on- board and want the program at their facility.	New Banner grant award of \$100,000 to Banner Tucson to train and implement the ESC model at other hospitals.

				1	
3.Expand temporary/transitional housing	June 2020	AHCCCS	Funding is needed.	Contract with Oxford House is	Funds are being allocated to
for SUD/OUD pregnant women and		GOYFF	Community Partners	pending; Homes may open by	develop/enhance availability of
postpartum women and their children				May 2019	transitional housing for
					pregnant women and their
a. Include wrap around services					children.
such as job training,					
transportation resources					
4. Train Peer Support Specialists and	June 2020	AHCCCS	Funding is needed.		State Targeted Response Carry-
expand use of Specialists at SUD/OUD	Julie 2020	Behavioral Health Providers	runung is needed.		Forward funds are planned to
1 ' '		Benavioral Health Providers			•
and MAT Treatment sites including on-					be utilized to expand training
going training					and availability of Peer Support
					Specialists.
a. Provide training workshops					
statewide especially in					
targeted rural areas					
5. Increase behavioral health provider	June 2019	ADHS /Bureau of Women's and	NHSC funding is available for	Certified sites are contacted and	
workforce in rural areas		Children's Health, Primary Care Office	Substance Abuse Counselors; Sites	must meet requirements of loan	
		Loan Repayment System	must have SAMHSA Certification.	repayment program.	
6. Expand the DCS SENSE (Substance	June 2019	DCS	Funding is needed.	Nursing and home visiting	State Opioid Response funding
Exposed Newborn Safe Environment)		Home Visiting Programs	In-kind staff time and resources.	services are planned to be	has expanded SENSE nursing
Program and expand collaboration with		7 counties not being served; 8		provided to NAS babies and	visits and Nurse Consultant
all home visiting programs in high risk		counties being served		their families as needed.	staff. Added. State Targeted
areas		ADHS – HRPP/NICP and Health Start			Response Carry- Forward funds
					are utilized to expand ADHS
					Home Visiting services through
					NICP and Health Start.
7. Develop process for education of MAT	June 2019	DCS	Funding is needed.	Meeting with AOTC and agency	The distriction of the second
providers on importance of home visiting		MAT Providers/ Arizona Opioid	In-kind staff time and resources.	meetings on referral processes,	
i		Treatment Coalition (AOTC)		etc. can be avenues for	
services for pregnant women		ADHS		development or coordination on	
				this issue.	
a. Convene and obtain buy-in					
from key MAT providers					

Impact of Substance Misuse on Child Welfare

Overview of Child Abuse Hotline and the

Comprehensive Addiction Recover Act (CARA)

Statutes

- A.R.S.13-3620e the requirement that health care professionals report substance exposure in infants to DCS.
- A.R.S.13-3401 lists 150+ possible substances.
- SFY 2015 the Child Abuse Hotline received 3,594 reports with a tracking characteristic of SEN, SFY 2016 reports were up to 4,059 received w/SEN tracking characteristic, and SFY 2017 increased to 4,234.

Comprehensive Addiction Recovery Act (CARA)

- Signed into law August 2016 to address SEN's
- Plans for safe care for infants identified as being affected by substance abuse or withdrawal symptoms.
- States report number of infants affected, number of infants with safe care plans and number of infants for whom service referrals were made including services to parents and caregivers.

Infant Care Plans Elements

- Plan should address substance abuse treatment for parents, medical care for infant, mental health of parents and baby, safe sleep, knowledge of parenting and infant development, living arrangements, child care and social connections.
- Plan should be reviewed and reassessed during staffing's,
 CFT, SENSE staffing's and other meetings
- Develop Aftercare plan prior to case closure

Thank you

Contact Information:

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Susan Smith: <u>Susan.Smith@azdcs.gov</u>